

# Electronegativity

## Electronegativity Values (expressed in Paulings)

H	2.1										He	
Li	1.0	B	2.0	C	2.5	N	3.0	O	3.5	F	4.0	Ne
Na	1.0	Al	1.5	Si	1.8	P	2.1	S	2.5	Cl	3.0	Ar
K	0.9	Ga	1.7	Ge	1.9	As	2.1	Se	2.4	Br	2.8	Kr
Rb	0.9	In	1.6	Sn	1.8	Sb	1.9	Te	2.1	I	2.5	Xe
Cs	0.8	Tl	1.6	Pb	1.7	Bi	1.8	Po	1.9	At	2.1	Rn
Fr	0.8											

1. Define electronegativity: \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_

2. Referring to the electronegativity values on the diagram above, what is the trend (pattern) for electronegativity moving from the top down to the bottom of a group? Increases...or...Decreases  
circle one
3. What is the trend for electronegativity moving from left to right across a period? Increases...or...Decreases  
circle one
4. Why are the Noble Gases not assigned electronegativity values? \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_
5. How are polar covalent bonds and nonpolar covalent bonds similar? \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_
6. How are polar covalent bonds and nonpolar covalent bonds different? \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_
7. How are electronegativity values used to determine what type of bond exists between two elements? \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_

8. Complete the table.

Electronegativity Differences	Bond Type

9. How is the order of the elements in a covalent compound determined? List the more...or...less electronegative element first, and then list the more...or...less electronegative element second.  
circle one